# *Milltown - Washburn Water* 2013 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Drinking Water Quality Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water, and we want you to understand, and be involved in, the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources.

### Where Does Our Drinking Water Come From?

The sources of drinking water (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. We purchase treated surface water from Booneville Water Department and James Fork Regional Water District. Booneville's source is Booneville City Lake, and James Fork Regional Water District's source is James Fork Lake.

## How Safe Is The Source Of Our Drinking Water?

The Arkansas Department of Health has completed Source Water Vulnerability Assessments for Booneville Water Department and James Fork Regional Water District. The assessments summarize the potential for contamination of our sources of drinking water and can be used as a basis for developing source water protection plans. Based on the various criteria of the assessments, our water sources have been determined to have a medium susceptibility to contamination. You may request summaries of the assessments from our office.

## What Contaminants Can Be In Our Drinking Water?

As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity. Contaminants that may be present in source water include: <u>Microbial contaminants</u> such as viruses and bacteria, which may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; <u>Inorganic contaminants</u> such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban stormwater runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; <u>Pesticides and herbicides</u> which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban stormwater runoff, and residential uses; <u>Organic chemical contaminants</u> including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations, urban stormwater runoff, and septic systems; <u>Radioactive contaminants</u> which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities.

In order to assure tap water is safe to drink, EPA has regulations which limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) regulations establish limits for contaminants in bottled water which must provide the same protection for public health.

## Am I at Risk?

All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. However, some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from small amounts of contamination. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791. In addition, EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by microbiological contaminants are also available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline.

### Lead and Drinking Water

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. We are responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead.

## How Can I Learn More About Our Drinking Water?

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Judy Dedmon, General Manager, at 479-996-7471. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on the second Tuesday of each month at 4:00 PM at 2911 East Highway 10 in Greenwood (Business office).

CCR 13 Milltown-Washburn (773)

### TEST RESULTS

We, Booneville Water Department, and James Fork Regional Water District routinely monitor for constituents in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. The test results table shows the results of our monitoring for the period of January 1<sup>st</sup> to December 31<sup>st</sup>, 2013. In the table you might find terms and abbreviations you are not familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

**Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL)** - the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

**Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG)** – unenforceable public health goal; the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

**Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL)** - the highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.

**Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG)** - the level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

NA - not applicable

**Nephelometric Turbidity Unit (NTU)** – a unit of measurement for the clarity of water. Turbidity in excess of 5 NTU is just noticeable to the average person.

**Parts per billion (ppb)** - a unit of measurement for detected levels of contaminants in drinking water. One part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000.

**Parts per million (ppm)** – a unit of measurement for detected levels of contaminants in drinking water. One part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10,000.

				MICRO	BIOLO	GICAL	CON	TAMINANT	5			
Contaminant Violatio Y/N		Dn Level Detected		ed	d Unit		MCLG (Public Health Goal)		MCL (Allowable Level)		Major Sources in Drinking Water	
Total Coliform Bacteria N (Milltown-Washburn)		None			Present		0		1 positive sample per month		Naturally present in the environment	
					т	URBI	DITY					
Contaminant	ntaminant Violation Y/N			Level Detected		Unit		MCLG (Public Health Goal)		MCL (Allowable Level)		Major Sources in Drinking Water
Turbidity (Booneville)		N Lov sar		nest yearly sample ilt: 0.20 est monthly % of ples meeting the idity limit: 100%						Any measurement in excess of 1 NTU constitutes a violation		
Turbidity (James Fork)		N	resul Lowe samp turbi	nest yearly sample ult: 0.35 rest monthly % of aples meeting the bidity limit: 100%		NTU			0.3 NTU, constitute violation		samples the limit of , tes a	
				the cloudiness of their filtration	system	IS.			S FORK	monitor ii	because in	is a good
		Violatio				1	NIA	MINANTS MCLG	1	MCL	Major S	ources in Drinking
Contaminant		Y/N		Level Detected		Jnit	(Pub	lic Health Goal	(Allo	wable Level		Water
Nitrate		N		verage: 0.28 ange: 0 - 0.56	ppm		4		4		Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth	
		N		0.16		5011				• •		
Fluoride N (James Fork)			0.16		ppm		10		10 leaching		om fertilizer use; from septic tanks, erosion of natural	
				LEAD AN				ONITORING	3			
Contaminant				umber of Sites 90 <sup>th</sup> er Action Level		Percentile Result		Unit	Actio	n Level	Major Sources in Drinking Water	
Lead (Milltown-Washburn)				0		<0.003		ppm	0.015		Corrosion from household	
Copper (Milltown-Washburn)				0		<0.20		ppm	_	1.3 na		ystems; erosion o posits
												ead and copper a monitoring perio

acids (HAAs).			REGULA		SINFECTA					
Disinfectant	Violation Y/N	Level Detected		Unit	MRDLG (Public Health Goal)		MRDL (Allowable Level)		Major Sources in Drinking Water	
Chlorine (Milltown-Washburn)		Rang	age: 0.40 je: 0.1 - 0.86	ppm	4		4		Water additive used to control microbes	
			RODUCTS OF D	RINKIN	IG WATER	R DISINF	ECTIO			
Contaminant		ation /N	Level Detected			1	Unit		MCLG MCL (Public Health Goal) (Allowable	
HAA5 [Haloacetic Acids]	r	N	Stage 1 Compliance Highest Running 12 Month Average: 35 Range: 19.6 – 38.3				- ppb		0 60	
Milltown-Washburn Water)	N	IA	Stage 2 Investig 12 Month Locati Range: 14.2 – 4	1	FF-	v				
TTHM [Total		Y	Stage 1 Complia Month Average: Range: 50.9 - 1	103 05						
Trihalomethanes] (Milltown-Washburn Water)	N	IA	Stage 2 Investig 12 Month Locati (site YC008) Range: 51.9 - <b>1</b>	0.5	ppb		NA	80		
<ul> <li>The levels detected Stage 2 Disinfectant public health protect locations and not just localities will have to samples to work on MCL violations are</li> <li>Some people who experience proble</li> </ul>	ts and Dis. tion by ha st averagi rouble me reducing <b>e not app</b> drink wa	infection ing the seting the HAA5s <b>licabl</b>	on Byproducts R us meet the HHA e entire system. it. To assist us i s and TTHMs thru e to investigat. ontaining triha	ule (Sta 5 and 1 This is in meet oughou <b>ive mo</b> Iometh	age 2 DBF THM allov a tougher ing these t the distr <b>nitoring.</b> nanes in (	PR). The wable leve standard stricter re ibution sp excess o	purposi els (MC d and w equiren ystem t of the N	e of the Ls) as a hen the nents w before n	Stage 2 DB in annual a Rule goes e are taking ew Rule go er many ye	BPR is to increase verage at specific into effect some investigative es into effect. ears may
<ul> <li>Stage 2 Disinfectant public health protect locations and not just localities will have to samples to work on MCL violations are</li> <li>Some people who experience proble of getting cancer.</li> </ul>	ts and Dis. tion by ha st averagi rouble me reducing <b>e not app</b> drink wa ems with	infection ing the seting the HAA5s <b>licabl</b>	on Byproducts R us meet the HHA e entire system. it. To assist us i s and TTHMs thro te to investigat. ontaining triha liver, kidneys, UNREGUL	ule (Sta 5 and 1 This is in meet oughou ive mo lometh or cen	age 2 DBF THM allov a tougher ing these t the distr <b>nitoring.</b> hanes in tral nerv	PR). The wable leve standard stricter n ibution s excess o ous syst NANTS	purposi els (MC d and w equiren ystem b of the N tems, a	e of the Ls) as a hen the hents w before n <b>ACL ove</b> and ma	Stage 2 DL n annual a Rule goes e are taking ew Rule go er many ye y have an	BPR is to increase verage at specific into effect some n investigative es into effect. ears may increased risk
Stage 2 Disinfectant public health protect locations and not jus localities will have to samples to work on MCL violations are Some people who experience proble of getting cancer.	ts and Dis. tion by ha st averagi rouble me reducing e not app drink wa ms with	infection ing the seting the HAA5s <b>licabl</b>	on Byproducts R us meet the HHA e entire system. it. To assist us i s and TTHMs thro e to investigat ontaining triha liver, kidneys, UNREGUL Level Dete	ule (Sta 5 and 1 This is in meet oughou ive mo lometh or cen ATED (	age 2 DBF THM allov a tougher ing these t the distr <b>nitoring.</b> nanes in o tral nerv	PR). The wable leve standard stricter n ibution s excess o ous syst NANTS	purposi els (MC d and w equiren ystem t of the N	e of the Ls) as a hen the hents w before n <b>ACL ove</b> and ma	Stage 2 DL n annual a Rule goes e are taking ew Rule go er many ye y have an	BPR is to increase verage at specific into effect some n investigative es into effect. ears may increased risk
Stage 2 Disinfectant public health protect locations and not jus localities will have to samples to work on MCL violations are Some people who experience proble of getting cancer. Contamina Chloroform (Booneville Wate	ts and Dis. tion by ha st averagi rouble me reducing e not app drink wa ms with nt er Dept)	infection ing the seting the HAA5s <b>licabl</b>	on Byproducts R us meet the HHA e entire system. it. To assist us i s and TTHMs thro e to investigat ontaining triha liver, kidneys, UNREGUL Level Deter 5.44	ule (Sta 5 and 1 This is in meet oughou ive mo lometh or cen ATED (	age 2 DBF THM allov a tougher ing these t the distr <b>nitoring.</b> aanes in tral nerv	PR). The wable leve standard stricter m ibution s excess o ous syst NANTS MO	purposi els (MC d and w equiren ystem b of the N tems, a	e of the Ls) as a then the nents w before n ACL ove and man	Stage 2 DE n annual a Rule goes e are taking ew Rule go er many ye y have an or Sources i	BPR is to increase verage at specific into effect some n investigative es into effect. ears may increased risk n Drinking Water
Stage 2 Disinfectant public health protect locations and not jus localities will have to samples to work on MCL violations are Some people who experience proble of getting cancer. Contamina Chloroform (Booneville Wate Chloroform (James Fork Reg	ts and Dis. tion by ha st averagi rouble me reducing a not app drink wa ms with nt er Dept) gional)	infecti aving u ing the reting u HAA5s <b>licabl</b> ater co their	on Byproducts R us meet the HHA e entire system. it. To assist us i s and TTHMs thro te to investigation ontaining triha liver, kidneys, UNREGUL Level Deter 5.44 15	ule (Sta 5 and 1 This is in meet oughou ive mo lometh or cen ATED (	age 2 DBF THM allov a tougher ing these t the distr <b>nitoring.</b> hanes in a tral nerv	PR). The wable leve standard stricter m ibution s excess o ous syst NANTS MO	purposi els (MC d and w equiren ystem b of the N tems, a	e of the LS) as a hen the hents w before n ACL ove and ma Maj By-pr	Stage 2 DE on annual a Rule goes e are taking ew Rule go er many ye y have an or Sources i roducts of dr	BPR is to increase verage at specific into effect some n investigative es into effect. ears may increased risk
Stage 2 Disinfectant public health protect locations and not jus localities will have to samples to work on MCL violations are Some people who experience proble of getting cancer. Contamina Chloroform (Booneville Wate Chloroform (James Fork Reg Bromodichloromethane (B	ts and Dis. tion by ha st averagi rouble me reducing e not app drink wa ems with nt er Dept) gional) ooneville Wa	infecti aving u ing the reting u HAA5s <b>licabl</b> ater co their	on Byproducts R us meet the HHA e entire system. it. To assist us i s and TTHMs thro te to investigation ontaining triha liver, kidneys, UNREGUL Level Deter 5.44 15 1.32	ule (Sta 5 and 1 This is in meet oughou ive mo lometh or cen ATED (	age 2 DBF THM allov a tougher ing these t the distr <b>nitoring.</b> hanes in a tral nerv	PR). The vable leve standard stricter re ibution sy excess of ous syst NANTS 7	purposi els (MC d and w equiren ystem b of the N tems, a	e of the LS) as a hen the hents w before n ACL ove and ma Maj By-pr	Stage 2 DE n annual a Rule goes e are taking ew Rule go er many ye y have an or Sources i	BPR is to increase verage at specific into effect some n investigative es into effect. ears may increased risk n Drinking Water
Stage 2 Disinfectant public health protect locations and not jus localities will have to samples to work on MCL violations are Some people who experience proble of getting cancer. Contamina Chloroform (Booneville Wate Chloroform (James Fork Reg Bromodichloromethane (B Bromodichloromethane (Ja	ts and Dis. tion by ha st averagi rouble me reducing e not app drink wa ems with nt er Dept) gional) ooneville Wa ames Fork)	infecti aving u ing the reting u HAA5s <b>licabl</b> ater co their	on Byproducts R us meet the HHA e entire system. it. To assist us i s and TTHMs thro te to investigation ontaining triha liver, kidneys, UNREGUL Level Deter 5.44 15 1.32 4.01	ule (Sta 5 and 1 This is in meet oughou ive mo lometh or cen ATED (	age 2 DBF THM allov a tougher ing these t the distr <b>nitoring.</b> <b>nanes in</b> <b>tral nerv</b> <b>CONTAMI</b> <b>Unit</b> ppb ppb	PR). The wable leve standard stricter re- ibution sy excess of ous syst NANTS 7 (	purposi els (MC d and w equiren ystem t of the N tems, a CLG	e of the LS) as a hen the hents w before n ACL ove and ma Maj By-pr	Stage 2 DE on annual a Rule goes e are taking ew Rule go er many ye y have an or Sources i roducts of dr	BPR is to increase verage at specific into effect some investigative es into effect. ears may increased risk n Drinking Wate
Stage 2 Disinfectant public health protect locations and not jus localities will have to samples to work on MCL violations are Some people who experience proble of getting cancer. Contamina Chloroform (Booneville Wate Chloroform (James Fork Reg Bromodichloromethane (B	ts and Dis. tion by ha st averagi rouble me reducing e not app drink wa ems with nt er Dept) gional) ooneville Wa ames Fork)	infecti aving u ing the reting u HAA5s <b>licabl</b> ater co their	on Byproducts R us meet the HHA e entire system. it. To assist us i s and TTHMs thro te to investigation ontaining triha liver, kidneys, UNREGUL Level Deter 5.44 15 1.32	ule (Sta 5 and T This is in meet oughou ive mo lometh or cen ATED ( cted	age 2 DBF THM allov a tougher ing these t the distr <b>nitoring.</b> hanes in a tral nerv CONTAMIN Unit ppb	PR). The vable leve standard stricter re ibution sy excess of ous syste NANTS MC 7 (0 6	purposi els (MC d and w equiren ystem t of the N tems, a CLG	e of the Ls) as a hen the hents w before n ACL ove and ma By-pr disinf Natur histon glass televit	Stage 2 DE on annual ar Rule goes e are taking ew Rule go er many ye y have an or Sources i roducts of dr ection rally-occurrin rically, comr tium has be of cathode- sions to bloo	BPR is to increase verage at specific into effect some a investigative es into effect. ears may increased risk n Drinking Water inking water inking water inking water en in the faceplate ray tube ck x-ray emission
Stage 2 Disinfectant public health protect locations and not jus localities will have tr samples to work on MCL violations are Some people who experience proble of getting cancer. Contamina Chloroform (Booneville Wate Chloroform (James Fork Reg Bromodichloromethane (Ja Bromodichloromethane (Ja Dibromochloromethane (Ja Strontium (UCMR3)	ts and Dis. tion by ha st averagi rouble me reducing e not app drink wa ems with nt er Dept) gional) ooneville Wa ames Fork)	infecti aving u ing the reting u HAA5s <b>licabl</b> ater co their	on Byproducts R us meet the HHA e entire system. it. To assist us i s and TTHMs thro te to investigation ontaining triha liver, kidneys, UNREGUL Level Deter 5.44 15 1.32 4.01 0.92 Average: 2	ule (Sta 5 and 1 This is n meet oughou ive mo lometh or cen ATED C cted 7.15 - 32.2 4.35	age 2 DBF THM allov a tougher ing these t the distr <b>nitoring.</b> <b>nanes in o</b> <b>tral nerv</b> <b>CONTAMII</b> <b>Unit</b> ppb ppb ppb	PR). The vable level standard standard standard standard standard standard stricter residution s second system system system system standard standa	purposi els (MC d'and w equiren ystem t of the N tems, a cLG 0 0 0	e of the Ls) as a then the nents w before n ACL ove and main By-pr disinf By-pr disinf Agic disinf produ	Stage 2 DE on annual ar Rule goes e are taking ew Rule go er many ye y have an or Sources i roducts of dr ection ally-occurrin rically, comr ium has be of cathode- sions to bloo ultural defol fection bypro	BPR is to increase verage at specific into effect some of investigative es into effect. Ears may increased risk n Drinking Water inking water inking water inking water inking water in the faceplate ray tube ck x-ray emission iant or desiccant; oduct; and used in prine dioxide
Stage 2 Disinfectant public health protect locations and not just localities will have the samples to work on MCL violations are Some people who experience proble of getting cancer. Contamina Chloroform (Booneville Wate Chloroform (James Fork Reg Bromodichloromethane (Ja Bromodichloromethane (Ja Dibromochloromethane (Ja Strontium (UCMR3) (James Fork) Chlorate (UCMR3)	ts and Dis. tion by ha st averagi rouble me reducing e not app drink wa ems with nt er Dept) gional) ooneville Wa ames Fork)	infecti aving u ing the reting u HAA5s <b>licabl</b> ater co their	on Byproducts R is meet the HHA e entire system. it. To assist us is and TTHMs thru- te to investigat. ontaining triha liver, kidneys, UNREGUL Level Deter 5.44 15 1.32 4.01 0.92 Average: 2 Range: 21.9 Average: 5	ule (Sta 5 and 1 This is n meet oughou ive mo lometh or cen ATED C cted 7.15 - 32.2 4.35 - 58.7	age 2 DBF THM allov a tougher ing these t the distr <b>nitoring.</b> <b>nanes in</b> <b>tral nerv</b> <b>CONTAMI</b> <b>Unit</b> ppb ppb ppb	PR). The vable level standard standard standard standard standard stricter residution systems systems systems systems and standard strict standard strict standard strict standard strict string strict strict strict strict strict strict strict strict stric	purposi els (MC d'and w equiren ystem t of the N tems, a cLG 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	e of the Ls) as a hen the hents w before n ACL ove and ma By-pr disinf Maju Natur histor stron glass televi Agric disinf produ Natur meta which and a	Stage 2 DE on annual ar Rule goes e are taking ew Rule go er many ye y have an or Sources i roducts of dr ection rally-occurrin tium has be of cathode- sions to blo- ultural defol fection bypro- cution of chlu- rally-occurrin (); used as v: n is a chemic a catalyst	BPR is to increase verage at specific into effect some of investigative es into effect. ears may increased risk <u>n Drinking Water</u> inking water inking water inking water inking water inking water in the faceplate ray tube ck x-ray emission iant or desiccant; oduct; and used in prine dioxide ing elemental anadium pentoxid cal intermediate
Stage 2 Disinfectant public health protect locations and not just localities will have the samples to work on MCL violations are Some people who experience proble of getting cancer. Contamina Chloroform (Booneville Wate Chloroform (James Fork Reg Bromodichloromethane (Ja Bromodichloromethane (Ja Dibromochloromethane (Ja Strontium (UCMR3) (James Fork) Chlorate (UCMR3) (James Fork)	ts and Dis. tion by ha st averagi rouble me reducing e not app drink wa ems with nt er Dept) gional) ooneville Wa ames Fork)	infecti aving u ing the reting u HAA5s <b>licabl</b> ater co their	on Byproducts R is meet the HHA e entire system. it. To assist us is and TTHMs thru- le to investigat. ontaining triha liver, kidneys, UNREGUL Level Deter 5.44 15 1.32 4.01 0.92 Average: 2 Range: 21.9 Average: 5 Range: 50 –	ule (Sta 5 and T This is in meet bughou ive mo lometh or cen ATED ( cted 7.15 - 32.2 4.35 - 58.7 .692 - 0.90 .925	age 2 DBF THM allov a tougher ing these t the distr <b>nitoring.</b> aanes in tral nerv CONTAMII Unit ppb ppb ppb ppb	PR). The vable level standard stricter restandard stricter restricter restric	purposi els (MC d'and w equiren ystem t of the N tems, a cLG 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	e of the Ls) as a hen the hents w before n ACL ove and mar By-pr disinf Maju By-pr disinf Agric disinf produ Agric disinf produ Natur meta which and a Natur in ma chror	Stage 2 DE on annual ar Rule goes e are taking ew Rule go er many ye y have an or Sources i roducts of dr ection rally-occurrin tium has be of cathode- sions to bloo ultural defol rection bypro- ultural defol rection bypro- ultural defol rection bypro- ultural defol rection bypro- ultural defol rection bypro- ultural defol rection bypro- ultural defol rection bypro- a catalyst rally-occurrin aking steel a nium-3 or -6	BPR is to increase verage at specific into effect some of investigative es into effect. ears may increased risk n Drinking Water inking water inking water inking water en in the faceplate ray tube ck x-ray emission iant or desiccant; oduct; and used in prine dioxide ing elemental anadium pentoxid

VIOLATIONS – Milltown-Washburn Water Users								
TYPE: By-Products	FROM:	TO:	CORRECTIVE ACTION:					
Exceeded the Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) for the 12 month running annual average for Trihalomethanes ( <b>103 ppb</b> in the winter quarter of 2013)	1/1/2013	3/31/2013						
Exceeded the Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) for the 12 month running annual average for Trihalomethanes ( <b>89 ppb</b> in the spring quarter of 2013).	4/1/2013	6/30/2013	Reviewing disinfection procedures and working on a solution to lower the levels of disinfection by-products in the distribution system					
Exceeded the Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) for the 12 month running annual average for Trihalomethanes ( <b>86 ppb</b> in the summer quarter of 2013)	7/1/2013	9/30/2013						

This institution is an equal opportunity provider and employer.

CCR 13 Milltown-Washburn (773)